

# Towards flood assessment over Eurasian watersheds using RCM and river flow routing algorithm

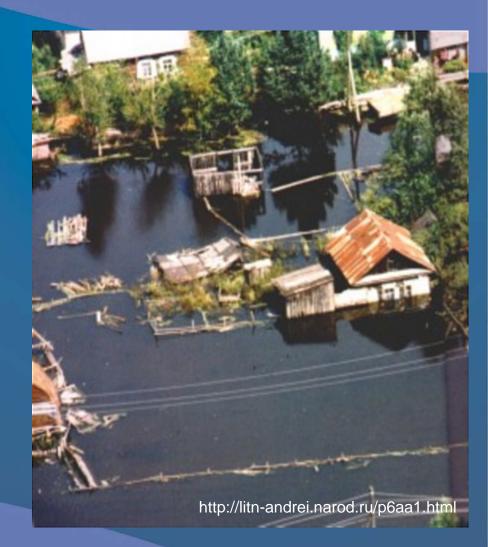
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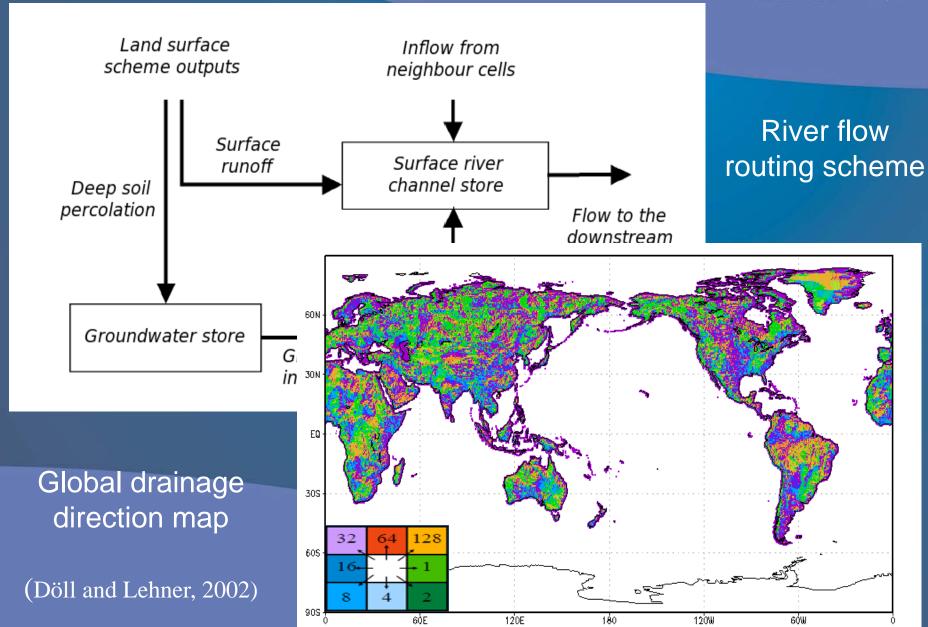


#### Motivation

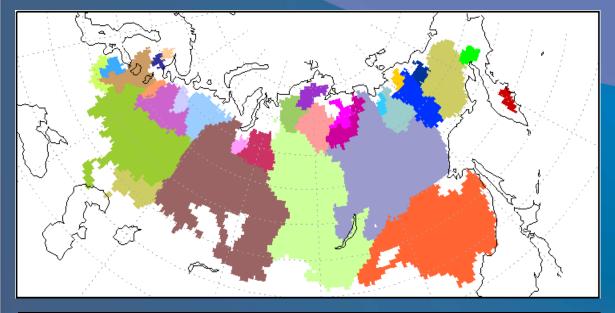
- Flooding can cause a range of impacts and risks
- ▼ The global climate change may have serious impacts on the hydrological extremes
- River flow routing scheme (RRS) estimation of frequency and intensity of extreme hydrological events across Russian watersheds



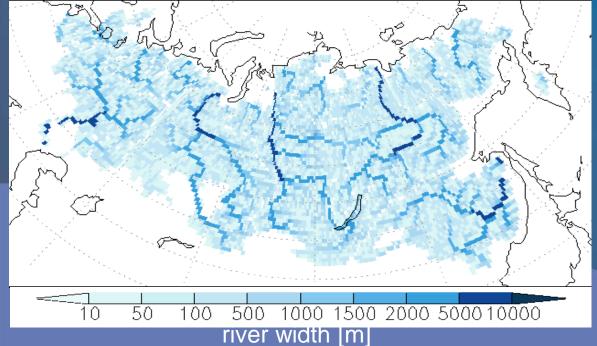








# Watersheds covered by RCM



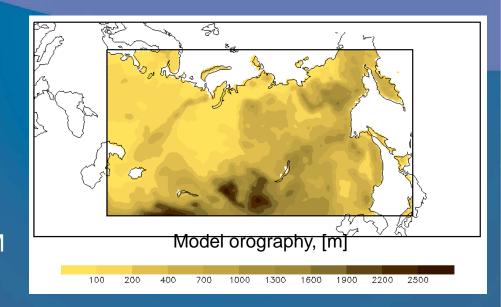
Simulated river network for the watersheds of Russia (resolution 0.5°x0.5°)

### Model and experiments



#### **MGO RCM**

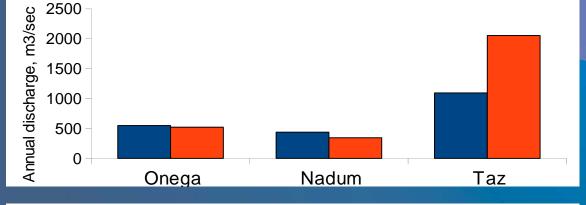
- 161×91 grid points (50 km resolution)
- 25 levels in the vertical
- Full physical package from MGO AGCM



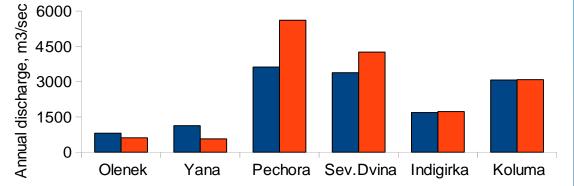
- A series of climate simulations spans 20yr slices (1981-2000)
- Driven by ERA-40, NCEP, JRA reanalysis and SST/IC analysis
- Focus is on the characteristics of hydrological regime:
  - annual mean water discharge at the river mouths
  - mean monthly hydrograph at the river mouths
  - number of days with high flows

### Annual mean water discharge

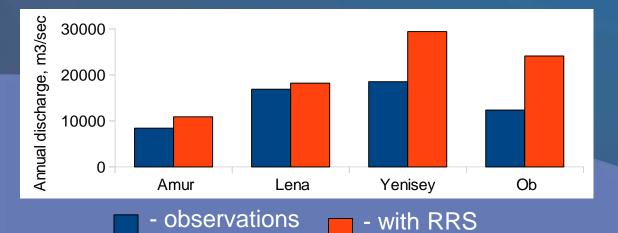








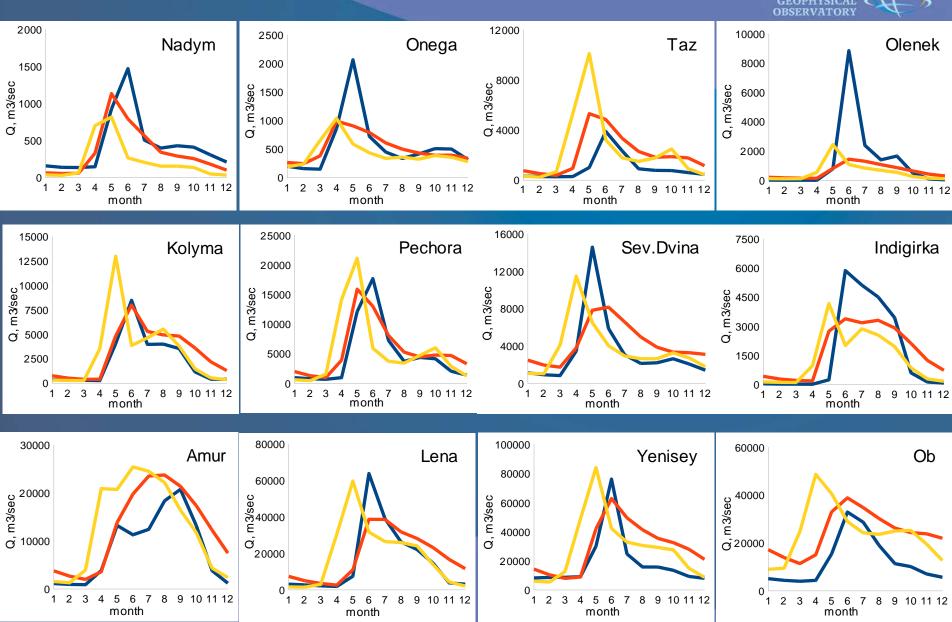
Medium watersheds (200<Sq<650 th.km2)



Large watersheds (Sq>650 th.km2)

#### Mean hydrographs



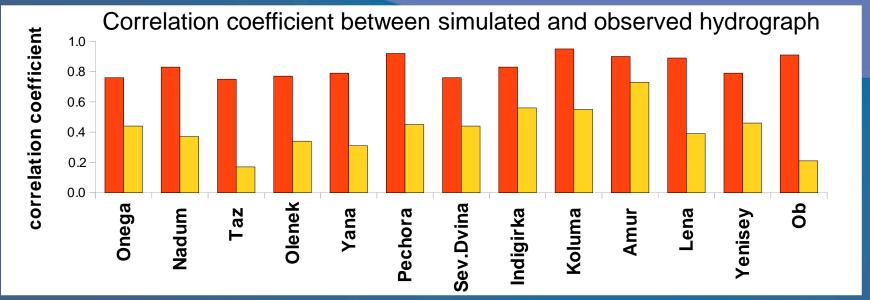


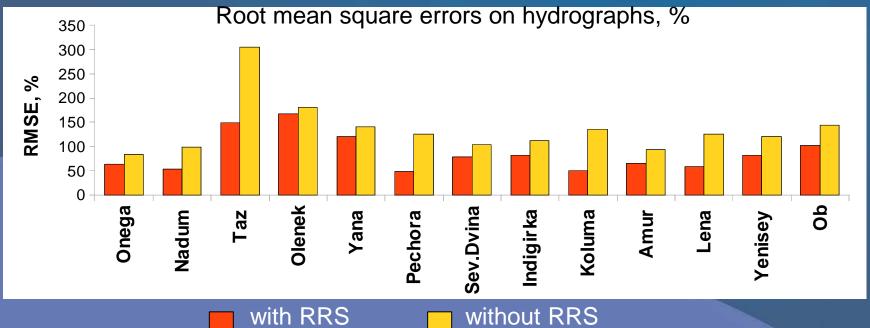
observations

with RRS

without RRS

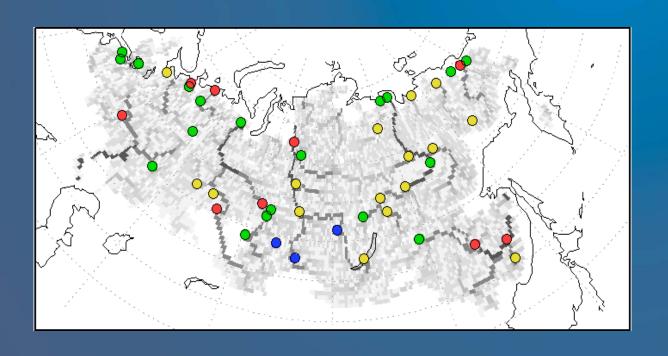






# Correlation coefficients of the monthly mean anomalies of discharge with observations





- -0.2 .. 0.0
- 0.0 .. 0.2
- 0.2..0.4
- 0.4 .. 0.6

Observation data: The Global Runoff Global Centre, Koblenz, Germany

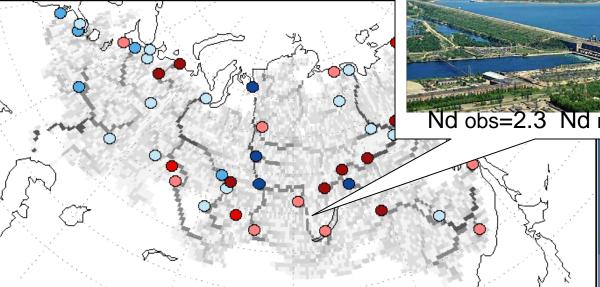
## Annual number of days with extreme discharge Observations





- •11 ..15
- **16..20**
- **21..25**
- > 25

#### Model - observations



Bratskaya Hydro Power Plant

20 %

Nd obs=2.3 Nd mod=12.5

%

- 0 % .. + 20 %
- + 20 % .. +40 %
- > + 40 %

### Summary



- ✓ The validation of the river flow routing scheme coupled with RCM driven by reanalyses has been carried out.
- ✓ The simulated daily river discharge estimates at the stations locations are in reasonable agreement with observations, notably in the plain regions. The larger disagreement can be found in the mountains where simulated discharge is affected by significant precipitation errors.
- ✓ The scheme is valid for use in the assessment of the expected flood changes under global warming across the watersheds of the northern Eurasia.



Thank you for attention